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**Supplementary for Karnataka (Block Level) Forewarning**



**LIVESTOCK DISEASE FOREWARNING BULLETIN- March 2019**

**(SIMPLIFIED SOLUTION! MAGNIFIED OPPORTUNITY!)**



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# Disclaimer

The forewarnings are based on the retrospective disease data available in the NADRES database. Hence, for those states wherein data is limited/less, the forewarning may not be realistic. Further the forewarning will not take into consideration the control measures that are *in situ*.

## Acknowledgement

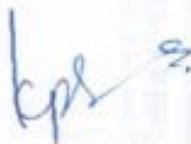
We would like to acknowledge the constant support and inspiration from honourable Secretary, DARE & DG, ICAR, Government of India, New Delhi.

We would like to express sincere everlasting gratitude to honourable Deputy Director-General (Animal Science) for his constant encouragement and guidance.

We would also like to express sincere gratitude to Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying and Fisheries, Government of India for providing the livestock population data for preparation of this bulletin.

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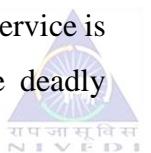
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## **1. About the bulletin...**

Livestock sector also plays a critical role in the welfare of India's rural population. This enterprise provides a flow of essential food products, draught power, manure, employment, income, and export earnings. As it is an important component in poverty alleviation programmes, continuous emphasis is being laid on this sector for enhancing the quality of the primary and secondary products in international market, which in turn demands safe animal health for better products. Therefore, livestock development programmes cannot succeed unless a well-organized animal health service is built up and protection of livestock against diseases and pests particularly against the deadly infections is assured.



India has achieved eradication of rinderpest (RP), CBPP, AHS and Dourine. However, there are several other infectious and non-infectious diseases prevailing in the country causing huge economic loss annually. Prevention, control and eradication of the animal diseases need a thorough understanding of the epidemiology as well their economic impact.

National Institute of Veterinary Epidemiology and Disease Informatics (NIVEDI) has the mandate to carry out research activities in the area of veterinary epidemiology and disease informatics. With the eradication of RP successfully, India has not only proved its ability to face the challenges, but also to succeed, despite various limitations. Similar efforts are needed to control and eradicate the diseases like FMD, PPR, Brucellosis, CSF, BT, HS etc., which cause huge economic loss annually to the livestock industry. To this end, ICAR-NIVEDI has identified 4 priority diseases, based on the past incidence patterns and has built a strong database of these diseases. The database, which is backbone of the National Animal Disease Referral Expert System (NADRES), is used for providing monthly livestock disease forewarning, which is compiled in this monthly bulletin to alert the animal husbandry departments, both at the National/state level, to take appropriate control measures. We hope users/stakeholders find this bulletin useful in their quest to control livestock diseases.

After realising the difficulties in implementing the forewarning results at district level and also considering the importance of forewarning at block level, ICAR-NIVEDI attempted to develop models for predictive analytics at block levels. Similar risk factors like Meteorological and remote sensing variables were used for forewarning at block level. We started providing the forewarning results for Karnataka state on Foot & Mouth disease, Black quarter, HS and PPR on pilot basis.

## 2. Forewarning Methodology

### I) Materials

#### Livestock disease data

Previous 10 years livestock disease outbreak data retrieved from the NADRES database linked with Risk factors data.

#### Livestock population data

District wise livestock population data from 19<sup>th</sup> Livestock census (2012)

#### Meteorological data

Variables such as precipitation (mm/month), pressure (millibar), relative humidity(%), sea level pressure(millibar), minimum temperature (°C), maximum temperature(°C), wind speed(m/s), vapour pressure (hPa), soil moisture(%), perceptible water(mm), potential evaporation transpiration(mm/day) and cloud (%) were extracted from NCEP-National centre environmental prediction/IMD-Indian meteorological Database/NICRA-National Innovation Climate Resilient Agriculture and other sources for the past five years. Monthly average for the past five years have been calculated and used.

#### Remote sensing data

Remote sensing variables such as NDVI-Normalised difference vegetation index, EVI-Enhanced vegetation index and LST - Land surface temperature were calculated using MODIS LANDSAT/IRS satellite images for the past five years. Monthly average for the past five years have been calculated and used. Details of the parameters are tabulated below.

SDS Layer Name	Resolution	Description	Units	Data Type	Scaling Factor
500m_16_days_NDVI	500 sq. m	16 day NDVI average	NDVI	16-bit signed integer	0.0001
500m_16_days_EVI	500 sq. m	16 day EVI average	EVI	16-bit signed integer	0.0001
LST_Day_1km	1 sq. km	Day Land Surface Temperature	Kelvin	16-bit unsigned integer	0.02
Lai_1km	1 sq. km	Leaf Area Index	m <sup>2</sup> plant/m <sup>2</sup> ground	8-bit unsigned integer	0.1

### II) Method

Disease outbreak was predicted by Generalised Linear Model (Logistic Regression) from the master chart containing the bove parameters using a R programme and the probability of disease outbreak was categorised in 6 risk levels- No risk (NR), Very low risk (VLR), Low risk (LR), Moderate risk (MR), High risk (HR) and Very high risk (VHR) for enabling the stake holders to take appropriate control measures by suitably allocating available resources.

Given below is the probability distribution of risk interpretations.

S. No.	Probability of risk	Interpretation
1	0	No risk/No or inadequate data
2	0-0.20	Very low risk
3	0.21-0.40	Low risk
4	0.41-0.60	Moderate risk
5	0.61-0.80	High risk
6	0.8-1.0	Very high risk

### 3. Accuracy of Prediction

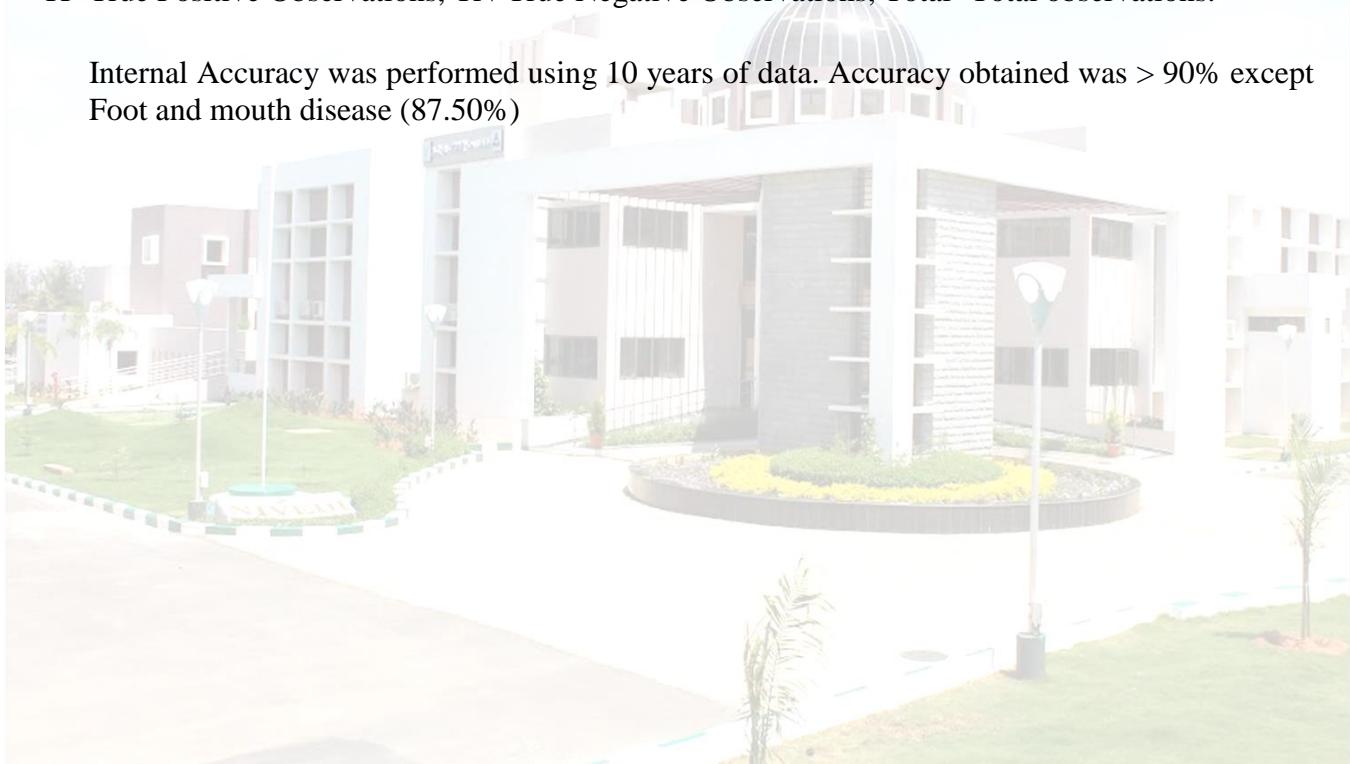
Serial No.	Diseases	Accuracy (%)
1.	Black quarter	97.16
2.	Foot and mouth disease	87.50
3.	Haemorrhagic septicaemia	92.05
4.	Peste des petits ruminants	97.73

**Formula Used:** The Accuracy of disease prediction was calculated using the following formula.

$$\frac{TP + TN}{Total} * 100$$

TP-True Positive Observations, TN-True Negative Observations, Total- Total observations.

Internal Accuracy was performed using 10 years of data. Accuracy obtained was > 90% except Foot and mouth disease (87.50%)



#### 4. Forewarning of livestock disease for the month of March 2019

##### (i) Taluk/Block wise Livestock Disease Forewarning

KARNATAKA TALUK/BLOCK LEVEL FOREWARNING: MARCH 2019					
DISTRICT	Taluk/Block	Black quarter	Foot and mouth disease	Haemorrhagic septicaemia	Peste des petits ruminants
BAGALKOT	Badami	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BAGALKOT	Bagalkot	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BAGALKOT	Bilgi	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BAGALKOT	Hungund	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BAGALKOT	Jamkhandi	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BAGALKOT	Mudhol	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BANGALORE	Anekal	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BANGALORE	Bangalore North	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BANGALORE	Bangalore South	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BANGALORE RURAL	Devanahalli	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
BANGALORE RURAL	DodBallapur	MR	LR	VLR	VLR
BANGALORE RURAL	Hosakote	VLR	LR	LR	NR
BANGALORE RURAL	Nelamangala	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BELGAUM	Athni	VLR	VLR	NR	VLR
BELGAUM	Belgaum	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BELGAUM	Chikodi	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BELGAUM	Gokak	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BELGAUM	Hukeri	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
BELGAUM	Khanapur	NR	VLR	NR	NR
BELGAUM	Parasgad	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BELGAUM	Ramdurg	NR	VLR	NR	NR
BELGAUM	Raybag	NR	VLR	NR	NR
BELGAUM	Sampgaon	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
BELLARY	Bellary	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BELLARY	Hadagalli	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
BELLARY	Hagaribommanahalli	NR	NR	VLR	VLR

<b>BELLARY</b>	Hospet	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>BELLARY</b>	Kudligi	NR	NR	NR	VLR
<b>BELLARY</b>	Sandur	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>BELLARY</b>	Siruguppa	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>BIDAR</b>	Aurad	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>BIDAR</b>	Basavakalyan	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>BIDAR</b>	Bhalki	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>BIDAR</b>	Bidar	VLR	NR	VLR	VLR
<b>BIDAR</b>	Homnabad	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>BIJAPUR</b>	BasavanaBagevadi	NR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>BIJAPUR</b>	Bijapur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>BIJAPUR</b>	Indi	NR	LR	VLR	VLR
<b>BIJAPUR</b>	Muddebihal	VLR	VLR	LR	VLR
<b>BIJAPUR</b>	Sindgi	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHAMARAJANAGAR</b>	Chamarajanagar	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHAMARAJANAGAR</b>	Gundlupet	HR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHAMARAJANAGAR</b>	Kollegal	MR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHAMARAJANAGAR</b>	Yelandur	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Bagepalli	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Chikkaballapura	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Chintamani	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Gauribidanur	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Gudibanda	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKKABALLAPURA</b>	Sidlaghatta	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Chikmagalur	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Kadur	MR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Koppa	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Mudigere	NR	NR	VLR	NR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Narasimharajapura	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Stringeri	NR	NR	VLR	VLR

<b>CHIKMAGALUR</b>	Tarikere	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Challakere	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Chitradurga	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Hiriyur	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Holalkere	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Hosdurga	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>CHITRADURGA</b>	Molakalmuru	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DAKSHINA KANNADA</b>	Bantval	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DAKSHINA KANNADA</b>	Beltangadi	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DAKSHINA KANNADA</b>	Mangalore	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DAKSHINA KANNADA</b>	Puttur	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>DAKSHINA KANNADA</b>	Sulya	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Channagiri	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Davanagere	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Harapanahalli	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Harihar	NR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Honnali	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DAVANAGERE</b>	Jagalur	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Dharwad	HR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Hubli	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Hubli city	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Kalghatgi	VLR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Kundgol	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>DHARWAD</b>	Navalgund	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>GADAG</b>	Gadag	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>GADAG</b>	Mundargi	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>GADAG</b>	Nargund	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>GADAG</b>	Ron	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>GADAG</b>	Shirhatti	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>GULBARGA</b>	Afzalpur	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR

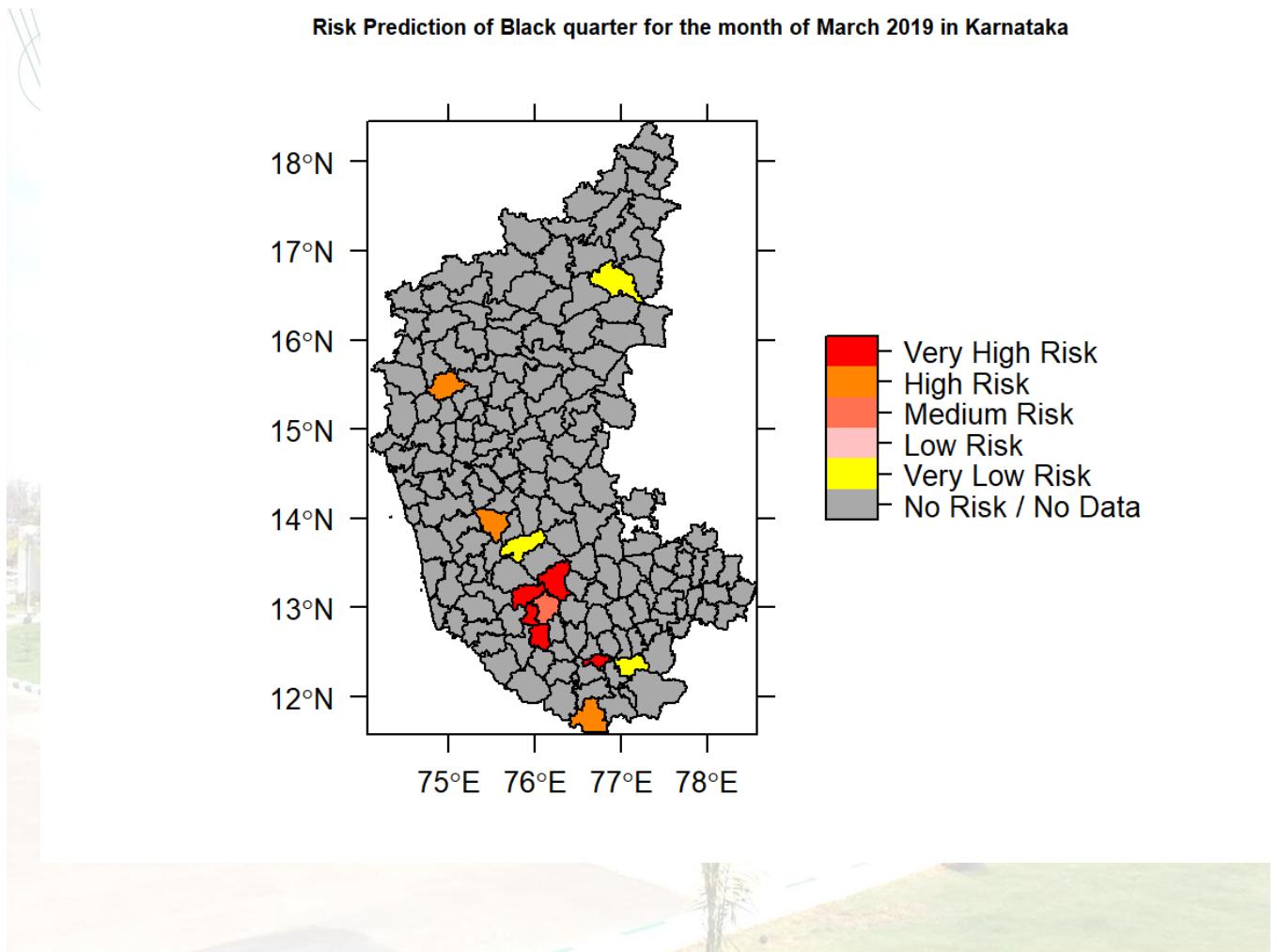
GULBARGA	Aland	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
GULBARGA	Chincholi	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
GULBARGA	Chitapur	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
GULBARGA	Gulbarga	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
GULBARGA	Jevargi	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
GULBARGA	Sedam	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
HASSAN	Alur	VHR	VLR	MR	MR
HASSAN	Arkalgud	VHR	VLR	VHR	NR
HASSAN	Arsikere	VHR	VLR	VLR	VLR
HASSAN	Belur	VHR	VLR	VLR	VLR
HASSAN	Channarayapatna	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
HASSAN	Hassan	MR	VLR	LR	VLR
HASSAN	Hole Narsipur	VLR	VLR	NR	NR
HASSAN	Sakleshpur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
HAVERI	Byadgi	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
HAVERI	Hangal	NR	VLR	NR	NR
HAVERI	Haveri	NR	VLR	NR	NR
HAVERI	Hirekerur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
HAVERI	Ranibennur	NR	VLR	VLR	VLR
HAVERI	Savanur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
HAVERI	Shiggaon	NR	VLR	NR	NR
KODAGU	Madikeri	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KODAGU	Somvarpet	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KODAGU	Virajpet	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KOLAR	Bangarapet	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KOLAR	Kolar	VLR	LR	LR	VLR
KOLAR	Malur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KOLAR	Mulbagal	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KOLAR	Srinivaspur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
KOPPAL	Gangawati	NR	MR	VLR	NR

<b>KOPPAL</b>	Koppal	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>KOPPAL</b>	Kushtagi	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>KOPPAL</b>	Yelbarga	NR	VLR	LR	VLR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Krishnarajpet	LR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Maddur	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Malavalli	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Mandyā	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Nagamangala	VLR	LR	NR	NR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Pandavapura	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>MANDYA</b>	Shrirangapattana	VHR	VLR	MR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Heggadadevankote	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Hunsur	NR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Krishnarajanagara	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Mysore	NR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Nanjangud	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>mysore</b>	Piriypatna	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>mysore</b>	Tirumakudal - Narsipur	VLR	LR	VLR	VLR
<b>RAICHUR</b>	Devadurga	VLR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>RAICHUR</b>	Lingsugur	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>RAICHUR</b>	Manvi	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>RAICHUR</b>	Raichur	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>RAICHUR</b>	Sindhnur	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>RAMANAGARA</b>	Channapatna	NR	LR	NR	NR
<b>RAMANAGARA</b>	Kanakapura	NR	HR	VLR	NR
<b>RAMANAGARA</b>	Magadi	NR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>RAMANAGARA</b>	Ramanagara	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Bhadrapati	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Hosanagara	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Sagar	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Shikarpur	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR

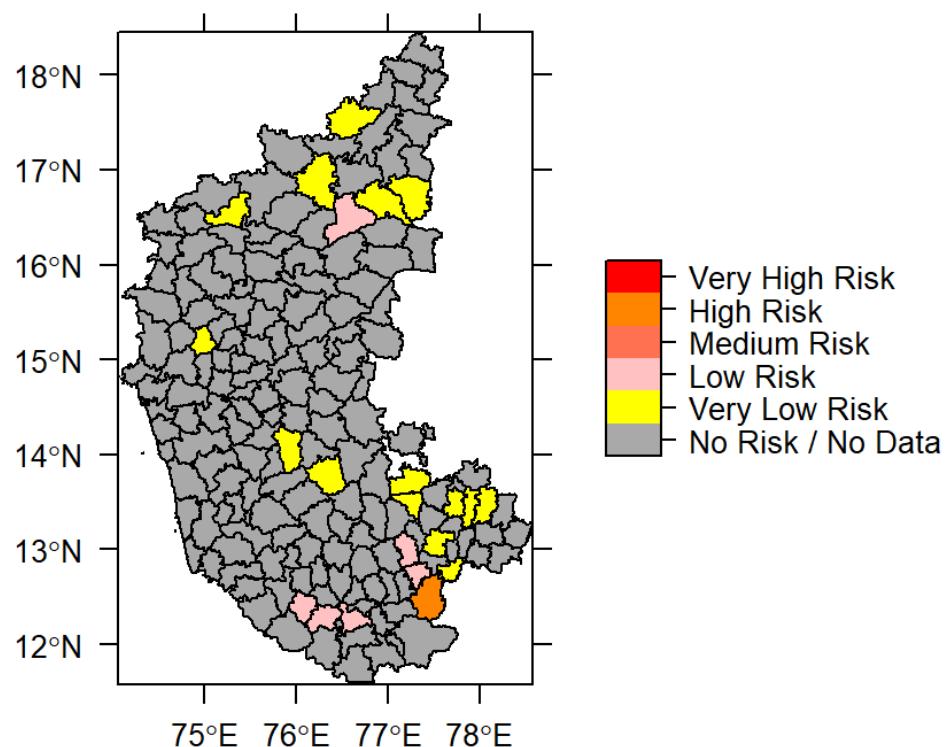
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Shimoga	HR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Sorab	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>SHIMOGA</b>	Tirthahalli	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Chiknayakanhalli	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Gubbi	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Koratagere	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Kunigal	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Madhugiri	VLR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Pavagada	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Sira	VLR	VLR	MR	VLR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Tiptur	VLR	LR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Tumkur	NR	VLR	VLR	NR
<b>TUMKUR</b>	Turuvekere	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>UDUPI</b>	Karkal	NR	NR	NR	VLR
<b>UDUPI</b>	Kundapura	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UDUPI</b>	Udupi	NR	NR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Ankola	NR	VLR	NR	VLR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Bhatkal	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Haliyal	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Honavar	NR	NR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Karwar	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Kumta	NR	NR	NR	VLR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Mundgod	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Siddapur	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Sirsi	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Supa	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>UTTARA KANNADA</b>	Yellapur	NR	VLR	NR	NR
<b>YADGIR</b>	Shahpur	VLR	VLR	VLR	VLR
<b>YADGIR</b>	Shorapur	NR	LR	VLR	VLR
<b>YADGIR</b>	Yadgir	NR	VLR	VLR	NR

\*Number of predicted disease incidence was summarised considering only High risk and Very high risk (VHR+HR)

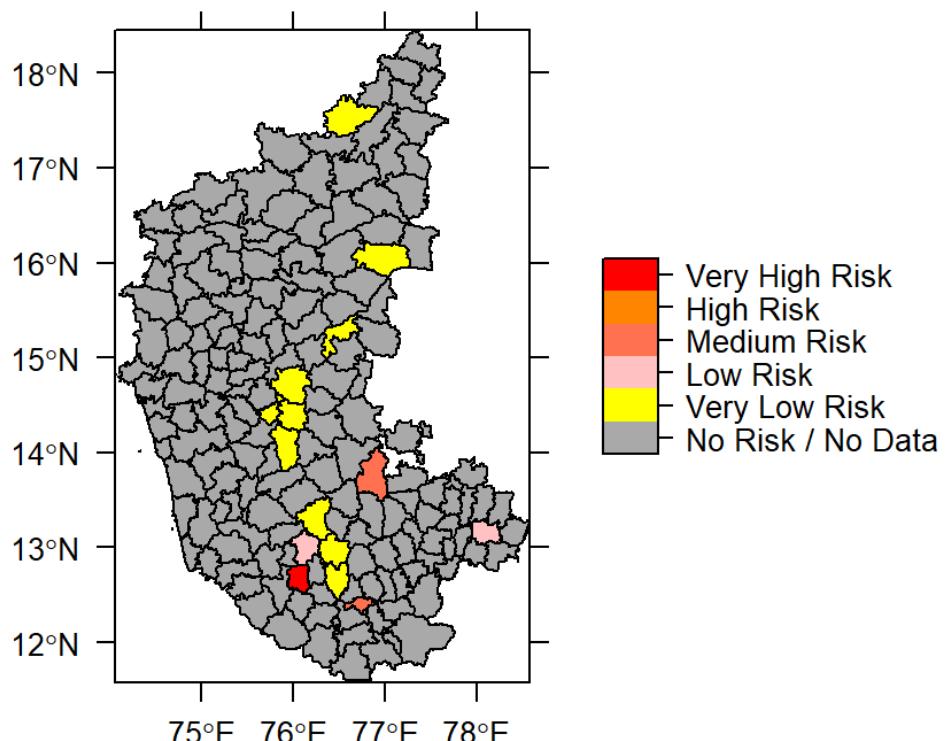
## ii) Livestock Risk Prediction – Taluk-wise Disease forewarning Maps



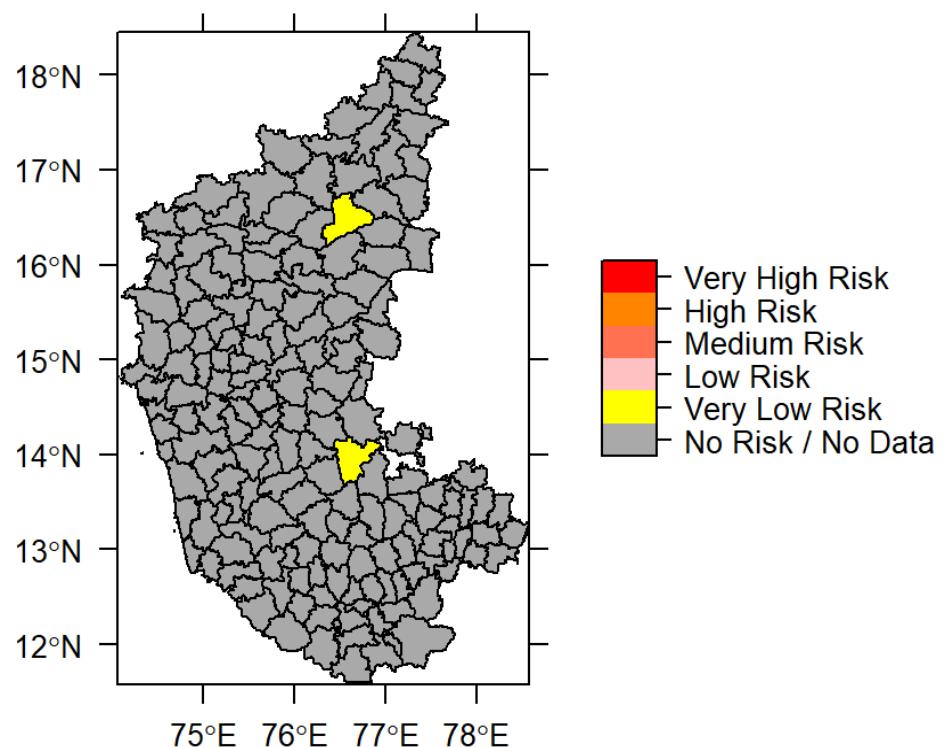
**Risk Prediction of Foot and mouth disease for the month of March 2019 in Karnataka**



**Risk Prediction of Haemorrhagic septicaemia for the month of March 2019 in Karnataka**



**Risk Prediction of Peste des petits ruminants for the month of March 2019 in Karnataka**



## 5. Abbreviations

NADRES : National Animal Disease Referral Expert System

R : R environment for statistical computing

BQ : Black Quarter

FMD : Foot and Mouth disease

HS : Haemorrhagic Septicaemia

PPR : Peste des petits ruminants

hPa : Hectopascals

NR : No risk/No data available

VLR : Very low risk

LR : Low risk

MR : Moderate risk

HR : High risk

VHR : Very high risk





हर कदम, हर डगर  
किसानों का हमसफर  
भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद

*Agri search with a Human touch*



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